## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator including a piezoelectric vibrator having a piezoelectric element that is excited in a predetermined frequency, and an oscillation amplifier that oscillates the piezoelectric element by flowing current to the piezoelectric element, wherein

an inductor and a resistor are insertion connected in parallel respectively to the piezoelectric vibrator of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator, and resonance frequency of a parallel resonance circuit consisting of the inductor and the resistor is set to the vicinity of the oscillation frequency of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator thereby to increase negative resistance applied to a series arm of the piezoelectric element and suppress unwanted oscillation due to the inductor.

2. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator including a piezoelectric oscillator having a piezoelectric vibrator that is excited in a predetermined frequency, and an oscillation amplifier that oscillates the piezoelectric vibrator by flowing current to a piezoelectric element, wherein

a circuit having an inductor and a variable capacitance diode connected in series and a resistor are insertion connected in parallel respectively to the piezoelectric vibrator of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator, resonance frequency of a parallel resonance circuit consisting of the inductor and

the resistor is set to the vicinity of the oscillation frequency of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator, thereby to increase negative resistance applied to a series arm of the piezoelectric element and externally fine adjust the capacitance of the variable capacitance diode so as to optimize oscillation and make it possible to control frequency.

3. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator including a piezoelectric oscillator having a piezoelectric vibrator that is excited in a predetermined frequency, and an oscillation amplifier that oscillates the piezoelectric vibrator by flowing current to a piezoelectric element, wherein

a first inductor and a resistor are connected in parallel respectively to the piezoelectric vibrator of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator, the connection point is grounded via a circuit having a second inductor and a variable capacitance diode connected in series, and resonance frequency of a parallel resonance circuit consisting of the first inductor and the resistor is set to the vicinity of the resonance frequency of the high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator, thereby to increase negative resistance applied to a series arm of the piezoelectric element and externally fine adjust the capacitance of the variable capacitance diode so as to optimize oscillation and make it possible to control frequency.

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4. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein

the following relationships are fulfilled:

$$R_1 + R_L = 0$$

$$\omega L_1 + \frac{1}{\omega \cdot C_1} + X_L = 0 \qquad \dots (1)$$

when

$$X_0 = \frac{1}{\omega C_0} \times \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{a_0^2}{a^2}\right)} = \frac{1}{\omega C_0} \times \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a_0^2}{a^2} - 1\right)}$$

$$z_{0} = \frac{R_{0}X_{0}^{2}}{R_{0}^{2} + X_{0}^{2}} + J \frac{X_{0}R_{0}^{2}}{R_{0}^{2} + X_{0}^{2}}$$

$$r_{\alpha} = \frac{R_{0}X_{0}^{2}}{R_{0}^{2} + X_{0}^{2}}, \dots, X_{\alpha} = \frac{X_{0}R_{0}^{2}}{R_{0}^{2} + X_{0}^{2}}.$$

where -Rc represents the negative resistance, Cc represents circuit capacitance, C0 represents interelectrode capacitance of the piezoelectric vibrator, X0 represents reactance of a parallel circuit of the inductor L0, R0 represents resistance of the resistor, -Xc represents circuit capacitance

of the circuit, r $\alpha$  represents parallel connection resistance of the XO and RO, X $\alpha$  represents reactance, RL represents negative resistance of the series arm of the oscillator, XL represents reactance, and (I) represents an oscillation condition.

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5. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator according to claim 1, wherein

 $\omega_1 < \omega_T < \omega_2$  (Exp. 1) is fulfilled, when

 $\omega_{\text{T}}$  represents unwanted resonance non-angular frequency,  $C_{\text{o}}$  represents interelectrode capacitance of the vibrator, Rc represents an absolute value of negative resistance of an additional resistor and an oscillation circuit that are connected in parallel to the  $C_{\text{o}}$ ,  $L_{\text{o}}$  represents an inductor that is connected in parallel to the  $C_{\text{o}}$ , and  $\omega_{\text{o}}$  represents parallel resonance angular frequency of the  $C_{\text{o}}$  and  $L_{\text{o}}$ , where

(Exp. 2) to (Exp. 4) is fulfilled

$$..\omega_{1} = \sqrt{\omega_{0}^{2} + \frac{K - \sqrt{K(K + 4\omega_{0}^{2})}}{2}}, ....\omega_{2} = \sqrt{\omega_{0}^{2} + \frac{K + \sqrt{K(K + 4\omega_{0}^{2})}}{2}}, ....K = \frac{M}{C_{0}^{2}R_{0}^{2}}, ...M = \frac{R_{0}}{R_{c}} - 1$$

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$$M>0$$
,  $R_0>R_0>\cdots$  (Exp.2)

..... 
$$T = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2Q_0} \sqrt{M(4Q_0 + M)}$$
 (Exp. 3)

...... T: unwanted resonance non-angular bandwidth

the (Exp. 1) represents unwanted resonance non-angular bandwidth, (Exp. 2) represents a condition for fulfilling the (Exp. 1), and (Exp. 3) represents an unwanted band,

(Exp. 5) is fulfilled, where

Q represents resonance frequency which is a ratio of a real number to reactance shown by the  $\omega_0$  in the (Exp. 4), RL represents the negative resistance for oscillating the series arm consisting of L1/C1/R0 of the oscillator, XL represents reactance, Cc represents circuit capacitance of the oscillation circuit, and  $\omega$  represents oscillation angular frequency, and

(Exp. 5) represents negative resistance and load capacitance for oscillating a series arm consisting of L1/C1/R0 of the oscillator.

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6. A high-frequency piezoelectric oscillator according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, and 4, wherein

the resistance within a range according to claim 5 is organized within an inductor, and the inductor having the inductor and the resistor integrated together is connected in

parallel to the interelectrode capacitance CO of the vibrator.